

**How to Store Water**

Water should be stored in a thoroughly washed plastic, glass, fiberglass, or enamel-lined metal container. Never use a container that has held toxic substances. *Remember that your hot water tank is a source of 40 to 50 gallons of drinking water.*

**Emergency Outdoor Water Sources**

If you need to find water outside of your home be sure to purify it by:

- Boiling or
- Disinfecting – (Add 16 drops of household liquid bleach per gallon of water, stir and let stand for 30 minutes)

**Sources:**

- Rainwater
- Streams and Rivers
- Ponds and Lakes
- Natural Springs

**Other Considerations**

Stock enough supplies to last several days to a week for each family member. Be prepared to relocate to a shelter for prolonged power outages or damage to your home. Have extra cash on hand in case of ATM malfunctions or problems with credit cards and banks. Spend time with all of your friends and family to make sure they know what to do in case of problems.

**Suggestions and Reminders**

- Store your disaster supplies kit in a convenient place.
- Keep items in airtight bags.
- Change your stored water every six months.
- Rotate your stored food every six months.
- Review your disaster kit and family needs every year.
- Replace batteries and check that everything works.
- Talk to your doctor or pharmacist about the best way to store prescription medications.

**Additional Information and Emergency Phone Numbers**

- American Red Cross..... (503) 325-4721
- Seaside Fire Department ..... (503) 738-5420
- Seaside Police Department..... (503) 738-6311
- Gearhart Fire Department..... (503) 738-7838
- Gearhart Police Department ..... (503) 338-5501
- Cannon Beach Fire Department ..... (503) 436-2949
- Cannon Beach Police Department..... (503) 436-2811
- Clatsop County Animal Shelter..... (503) 861-7387
- Clatsop Co. Emergency Svcs ..... (503) 325-8645
- Clatsop County Sheriff's Office..... (503) 325-8635
- Clatsop County Dispatch..... (503) 325-2061
- Clatsop County Jail ..... (503) 325-8641
- Oregon State Police Dispatch..... (503) 325-2231
- Medix Ambulance ..... (503) 861-1990
- Oregon Road Conditions ..... (800) 977-6368
- Washington Road Conditions..... (800) 695-7623
- Poison Control..... (800) 452-7165

**FOR IMMEDIATE LIFE  
THREATENING  
EMERGENCIES ONLY!!!**

**9-1-1**

**NOTES:**

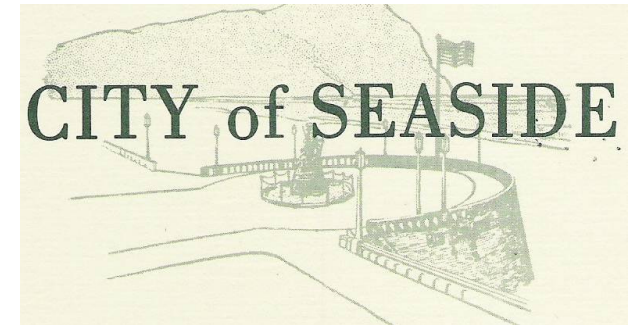
Distributed by:  
Seaside Public Safety Committee  
989 Broadway, Seaside, OR 97138  
(503) 738-5511

7/04

**72-HOUR  
Family  
Emergency  
Kit**

Compliments of:

**SEASIDE PUBLIC SAFETY  
COMMITTEE**



**Preparations for temporary  
emergencies including storms,  
and power outages.**

**The 72-Hour Emergency Kit** should be individually tailored to meet the basic survival needs of your family for three days to a week. Most families prefer to store their emergency supplies in one location that is relatively safe, yet easily accessible if evacuation is required. Items may be stored in a 32-gallon trashcan, suitcase, duffel bag, footlocker or individual pack.

### **Emergency Needs**

Battery powered radio  
First Aid Kit and manual  
Sleeping bags and blankets (wool or thermal)  
Manual can opener  
Waterproof/ windproof matches  
Non-perishable foods  
Water storage (1 gallon/person/day)  
Water purification tablets  
Utility knife  
Emergency candles  
Extra eyeglasses and contact lenses  
Essential medications

Suggested non-perishable food items: Ready-to-eat goods in unbreakable containers, canned meats, juice, fruits & vegetables, powdered milk, infant care foods, crackers, peanut butter, freeze-dried & dehydrated goods.

### **Sanitation Kit**

Plastic bucket with tightly fitting lid  
Plastic bags and ties  
Disinfectant, soap  
Improvised toilet seat  
Paper cups and plates  
Personal toiletries & hygienic needs  
Toilet paper  
Aluminum foil  
Paper towels  
Plastic utensils

### **Other Emergency Needs**

Pen and paper  
Money  
Address and phone numbers  
Work gloves  
Basic tools

### **Standard First Aid Kit**

First Aid manual  
Aspirin or pain relievers  
Laxatives, diarrhea medicine  
Rubbing alcohol, petroleum jelly  
Soap, salt, baking soda  
Sanitary napkins, matches  
Gauze, band-aids  
Triangular bandages  
Elastic bandages, pressure dressings  
Cotton balls, disposable diapers  
Scissors, needles, tweezers  
Popsicle sticks, splints, heavy string  
Thermometer, paper tape  
Syrup of Ipecac  
Personal prescription medications

### **Car Survival Kit**

Always have at least ½ tank of gas  
First Aid kit  
Class ABC fire extinguisher  
Radio and fresh batteries  
Non-Perishable food in coffee can  
Bottled water  
Bag of sand and shovel  
Tool kit  
Blankets or sleeping bags  
Short rubber hose for siphoning  
Jumper cables  
Waterproof matches and candles  
Reflectors and flares  
Flashlights with fresh batteries  
Paper and pencil and maps  
Towels, plastic bags, medications

### **Make Copies of All Legal Papers**

Marriage License  
House mortgage  
Vacation home property ownership  
Automotive ownership  
Motor home ownership  
Jewelry appraisals  
Drivers licenses  
Trailers, snowmobiles, boat ownership  
Insurance policies  
Bank accounts

### **Establish an Out of State 24-Hour Telephone Contact**

Calls out of a disaster area will not be as overloaded as calls coming in. Make this out of state contact area known to all friends and family. Take color pictures of valuables and family members, or video tape your home, room by room. Send a copy of this tape and a copy of the legal papers to your out of state contact. Plan how your family will stay in contact if separated by disaster. Find a safe location, a small distance from your home, for a meeting place in case of a fire. Also decide on a place outside of your neighborhood in case you can't return to your hometown.

### **Remember Pets when collecting Emergency Supplies**

Extra food – Food should be dry and relatively unappealing to prevent overeating  
Kitty litter  
Large capacity self-feeding food and water dispenser  
Extra medications  
Carrying cage

### **Meet with Neighbors**

Plan how the neighborhood could work together after a disaster. Know your neighbors' skills (medical, technical). Consider how you could help neighbors with special needs, such as elderly or disabled persons. Make plans for childcare in case parents can't get home. Guard against financial and service frauds.

### **Traffic Signals**

Whenever a driver approaches an intersection and faces a traffic control signal, which is inoperative or which remains on steady red or steady yellow, the driver shall treat the traffic control signal as if it were a stop sign, until a Law Enforcement Officer assumes control of traffic or until normal operation is resumed. When two vehicles approach an intersection from different roadways at approximately the same time, the driver of the vehicle on the left side shall yield the right-of-way to the vehicle on the right.